

Reading Insurance Cards Answer Key

Criteria	Correct Answer	Talking Points
#1: Covers prescriptions	A, B, C, D	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medicaid card does not have “Rx” on it even though it covers prescriptions If you don’t know, ask! <u>Notes to Write in Workbook:</u> Prescriptions might be covered even if not on the card
#2: Cards w/ ID number	A, B, C, D	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ID number is important to identify what type of insurance you have (not something a consumer necessarily understands - for the insurance company)
#3: Urgent care visit - card with co-pay & how much	B, \$20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Only card with the co-pay information on it If you don’t know, ask!
#4: Cards w/ group number	A,B, C, D	<p>Teacher “Need to Know”: The group number for card D will throw off some students because it is completely letters</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Group numbers (and ID numbers) can be all numbers, all letters, or a combination of both “GRP” stands for group <u>Notes to Write in Workbook:</u> Group & ID numbers can be letters too!